

# 6AQ5—5AQ5

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# **BEAM PENTODE**

## DESCRIPTION AND RATING

The 6AQ5 is a miniature beam-power pentode designed for use in the audiofrequency power output stage of television and radio receivers. It may also be used as a triode-connected vertical deflection amplifier in television receivers. Within its maximum ratings, the performance of the 6AQ5 is equivalent to that of the 6V6-GT.

Except for heater ratings, the 5AQ5 is identical to the 6AQ5. In addition, the 5AQ5, as a result of its controlled heater warm-up characteristic, is especially suited for use in television receivers which employ series-connected heaters. When the 5AQ5 is used in conjunction with other 600-milliampere types which exhibit essentially the same heater warm-up characteristic, heater voltage surges across the individual tubes are minimized during the warm-up period.

## GENERAL

	5AQ5	6AQ5	
Cathode—Coated Unipotential			
Heater Voltage, AC or DC	4.7	6.3	Volts
Heater Current	0.6	0.45	Ampere
Heater Warm-up Time*	11		Seconds
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, approximate†			
Grid-Number 1 to Plate		0.4	$\mu\mu f$
Input		0.8	$\mu\mu f$
Output	<b>.</b>	8.5	$\mu\mu$ f

#### MECHANICAL

**ELECTRICAL** 

Mounting Position—Any Envelope—T-5½, Glass Base—E7-1, Miniature Button 7-Pin

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

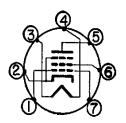
## **DESIGN-CENTER VALUES UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED**

		Vertical- Deflection Amplifier‡	
	Class A1		
	Amplifier		Connection)§
DC Plate Voltage			Volts
Pook Positive Pulse Plate Valence	250		
Peak Positive Pulse Plate Voltage		$1100\pi$	
Screen Voltage	250		Volts
Peak Negative Grid-Number 1 Voltage		250	Volts
Plate Dissipation	12	9.0▲	Watts
Screen Dissipation	2.0		Watts
DC Cathode Current			Milliamperes
Peak Cathode Current	· · · · · · ·		Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage		103	winginheres
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode			
DC Component	100	100	Volts
Total DC and Peak	200	200	Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode			
Total DC and Peak	200	200	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Circuit Resistance			, 05
With Fixed Bias	0.1		M b
			Megohms
With Cathode Bias			Megohms
Bulb Temperature at Hottest Point	250	250	С



Supercede ET-T271D dated 6-53

## **BASING DIAGRAM**



RETMA 7BZ

## **TERMINAL CONNECTIONS**

Pin 1—Grid-Number 1

Pin 2—Cathode and Beam Plates

Pin 3-Heater

Pin 4—Heater

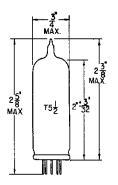
Pin 5-Plate

Pin 6—Grid-Number 2

(Screen)

Pin 7—Grid-Number 1

#### PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



RETMA 5-3

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CLASS At AMPLIFIER	
•	Volts
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Volts
	Volts
Peak AF Grid-Number 1 Voltage	Volts
· ·	Ohms
Transconductance	Micromhos
Zero-Signal Plate Current	Milliamperes
Maximum-Signal Plate Current	Milliamperes
	Milliamperes
Maximum-Signal Screen Current	Milliamperes
	Ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion, approximate	Percent
Maximum-Signal Power Output	Watts
PUSH-PULL CLASS AB <sub>1</sub> AMPLIFIER, VALUES FOR TWO TUBES	
Plate Voltage	
Screen Voltage	
Grid-Number 1 Voltage	
Peak AF Grid-to-Grid Voltage	
Zero-Signal Plate Current	
Maximum-Signal Plate Current	
Zero-Signal Screen Current	
Maximum-Signal Screen Current	
Effective Load Resistance, Plate-to-Plate	
Total Harmonic Distortion	
Maximum-Signal rower Output	w ans
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS, TRIODE CONNECTION§	
Plate Voltage	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage	Volts
Amplification Factor	
Plate Resistance, approximate	Ohms
Transconductance	Micromhos
Plate Current	Milliamperes
Grid-Number 1 Voltage, approximate	
I <sub>b</sub> =0.5 Milliαmpere	Voits
R	
	_
* Heater warm-up time is defined as the time required in the	<b>.</b>
circuit shown at the right for the voltage across the heater 👃	Heater
terminals to increase from zero to the heater test voltage	of Tube under
$(V_1)$ . For this type, E=18.7 volts (RMS or DC), $V_1=3.73$	Test
volts (RMS or DC), and R=23.5 ohms.	•

Without external shield.

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame television system as described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission. The duty cycle of the voltage pulse must not exceed 15 percent of one scanning cycle.

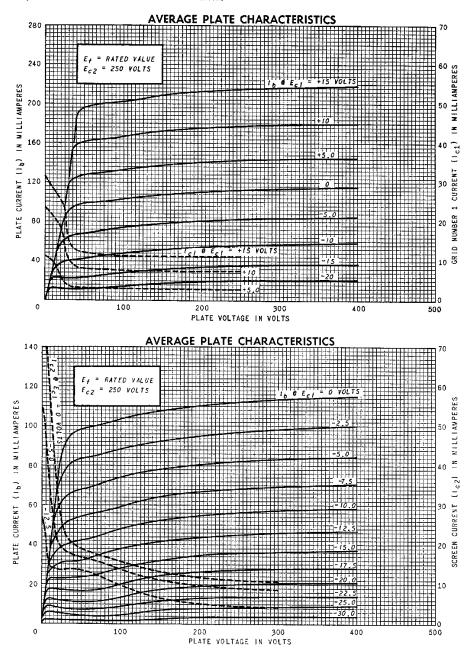
§ With screen tied to plate.

 $\pi$  Value given is to be considered as an Absolute Maximum Rating. In this case, the combined effect of supply voltage variation, manufacturing variation including components in the equipment, and adjustment of equipment controls should not cause the rated value to be exceeded.

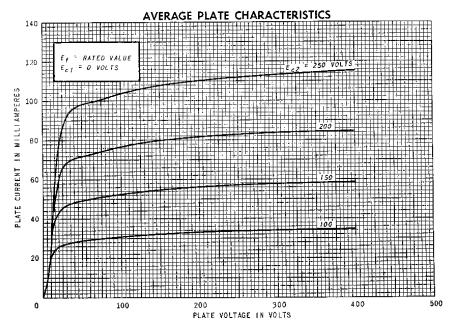


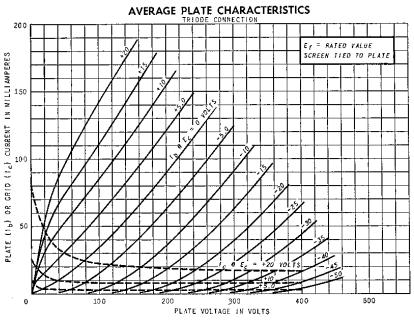
of equipment controls should not cause the rated value to be exceeded.

A in stages operating with grid-leak bias, an adequate cathode-bias resistor or other suitable means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

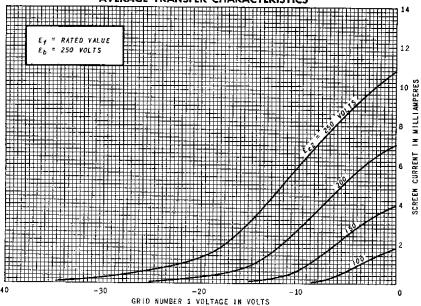


Note: Within ratings, curves for 6AQ5 and 6V6GT are the same.

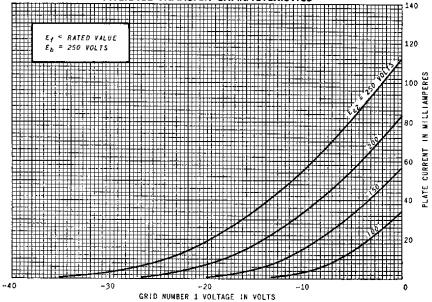




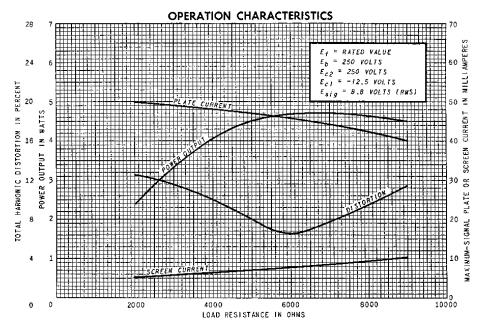




## **AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS**



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GENERAL ELECTRIC
Schenectady 5, N. Y.